#### **ANNEXURE**

## Extract of section 7 of the Goa (Regulation of Film Shooting) Act, 2021

7. Penalties for offences against the Act, etc.—Whoever contravenes any provisions of this Act or rules made thereunder shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five lakh rupees or with both.

Assembly Hall. Dr. PRAMOD SAWANT
Porvorim, Goa. Hon'ble Chief Minister/Minister
20th July, 2022. for Information and Publicity.

Assembly Hall. Porvorim, Goa. 20th July, 2022. NAMRATA A. ULMAN Secretary to the Legislative Assembly of Goa.

#### LA/LEGN/2022/1385

The following bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of the State of Goa on 21st July, 2022 is hereby published for general information in pursuance of Rule-138 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Goa Legislative Assembly.

# The Goa Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control (Amendment) Act, 2022

(Bill No. 27 of 2022)

#### Α

#### **BILL**

further to amend the Goa Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968 (Act No. 2 of 1969).

BE enacted by Legislative Assembly of Goa in the Seventy-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

- 1. Short title and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the Goa Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control (Amendment) Act, 2022.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

- 2. Amendment of section 2.— In section 2 of the Goa Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968 (Act No. 2 of 1969) (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act"),-
  - (i) clause (a) shall be re-numbered as clause (aa) and before clause (aa) so renumbered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
    - (a) "Agreement of leave and licence" means an Agreement entered into by the landlord and the licensee containing the terms and conditions for using the building on leave and licence;
  - (ii) after clause (d), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:— "(da) "Deputy Collector" means the Deputy Collector having jurisdiction over the area where the building is situated;";
  - (iii) after clause (i), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-
    - "(ia) "leave and licence" means a permission granted by the landlord to the licensee for use of landlord's building by the licensee for a specific period and purpose without transfer of landlord's interest in the building;
    - (ib) "licensee" means a person who is permitted by the landlord to use his building on leave and licence".
- 3. Substitution of section 23.— For section 23 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:-
  - "23. Landlord's right to obtain possession.— (1) A landlord may, subject to the provisions of section 24, apply to the Controller for an order directing the tenant to put him in possession of the building,-
    - (a) if the landlord is not occupying a building of his own in the city, town or village concerned and requires it for his own occupation or for the occupation of any member of his family; or
    - (b) if the landlord who has more buildings than one in the city, town or village concerned, is in occupation of one

such building and he bonafidely requires another building instead, for his own occupation:

Provided that a person who becomes landlord after the commencement of the tenancy by an instrument 'inter vivos' shall not be entitled to apply under this subsection before the expiry of five years from the date on which the instrument was registered:

Provided further that in case of gift from parents the above period of five years shall be reduced to two years:

Provided further that where a landlord has obtained possession of a building under this sub-section, he shall not be entitled to apply again under this section,—

- (i) in case he has obtained possession of a residential building, for possession of another residential building of his own;
- (ii) in case he has obtained possession of a non-residential building, for possession of another non-residential building of his own.
- (2) Where the landlord of a building is a religious, charitable, educational or other public institution, it may, if the building is required for the purposes of the institution, apply to the Controller, subject to the provisions of section 24, for an order directing the tenant to put the institution in possession of the building.
- (3) A landlord who is occupying only a part of a building, may notwithstanding anything in sub-section (1), apply to the Controller for an order directing any tenant occupying the whole or any portion of the remaining part of the building to put the landlord in possession thereof, if he requires additional part of the building for his own occupation or for the occupation of any member of his family.

Explanation:— For the purpose of this section, a landlord means a person, on account of or for the benefit of whom the rent of a building is received but does not include an agent, trustee, guardian or receiver.".

- 4. Insertion of new section 40A.— After section 40 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-
  - "40A. Resumption of occupation of the building given on leave and licence basis.—
    (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, a licensee in occupation of any building given to him by a landlord on a leave and licence basis, shall vacate such building and allow the landlord to resume it's occupation immediately on expiry of the period of leave and license; and incase of failure of the licensee to so vacate the building, the landlord may apply to the Deputy Collector for an order of eviction of the licensee.
  - (2) On receipt of the application under sub-section (1), the Deputy Collector shall issue a notice to the licensee to show cause why an order of eviction shall not be passed against him.
  - (3) On receipt of the notice issued under sub-section (2), the licensee shall, in case he desires to contest such application, file his reply showing the cause, within a period of twenty days from the date of receipt of such notice.
  - (4) The period of twenty days to file the reply as specified in sub-section (3) may be extended by the Deputy Collector in exceptional cases, on sufficient cause being shown, by a period not more than sixty days from the date of receipt of the notice under sub-section (2).
  - (5) The Deputy Collector shall conduct such inquiry based solely on the documents and material produced before him. He shall consider the reply, if any, filed by the licensee and give the licensee an opportunity of being heard in the matter.

Explanation:— For the purpose of this section, the inquiry contemplated shall be a summary inquiry for the limited purpose of ascertaining that the building was subject matter of an agreement of leave and licence and that the period of such leave and licence has expired.

- (6) The Deputy Collector, on being satisfied that the period of the leave and licence has expired and the licensee has not vacated the building, shall pass an order of eviction of the licensee and also direct the licensee to pay to the landlord the damages at double the rate of the licence fee and other charges, if any, in respect of such building as fixed under the agreement of leave and licence, till the date he vacates such building.
- (7) The Deputy Collector shall not entertain any claim of whatsoever nature from any other person who is not a licensee.
- (8) The Deputy Collector shall decide the application under sub-section (1) within a period of six months from the date of its filing except wherein the period is extended as stated in sub-section (4).
- (9) Any licensee who fails to vacate the building, given to him by the landlord on leave and licence basis, after expiry of the leave and licence period, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine not exceeding rupees one lakh or with both".
- 5. Amendment of section 46.— In section 46 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the words "or the Rent Tribunal", the words "the Rent Tribunal or the Deputy Collector" shall be inserted.
- 6. Amendment of section 47.— In section 47 of the principal Act, in second proviso, for the words "or the Rent Tribunal", the words "the Rent Tribunal or the Deputy Collector" shall be inserted.
- 7. Insertion of new section 53A.— After section 53 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—
  - "53A. Contract of lease and an agreement of leave and license to be compulsorily registered.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force, any contract of lease or agreement of leave and licence of any building, entered into between the landlord and the tenant, or the licensee, as the case

- may be, after commencement of the Goa Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control (Amendment) Act, 2022, shall be in writing and compulsorily registered before the registering officer under the Registration Act, 1908 (Act No. 16 of 1908).
- (2) It shall be the duty of the landlord to get such contract or agreement registered failing which the claim of the tenant or licensee about the terms and conditions subject to which the building has been given to him by the landlord on lease basis or leave and licence basis, shall prevail, unless proved otherwise.
- (3) Any landlord who contravenes the provisions of this section shall, on conviction, be punished with the imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine not exceeding rupees one lakh or with both.
- (4) The agreement of leave and licence registered as required by sub-section (1) shall be conclusive proof of the fact of such leave and licence and the licensee shall not be permitted to claim that he is tenant in respect of the building.".
- 8. Amendment of section 54.— In section 54 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1).
  - (i) the expression "a simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years and" shall be omitted;
  - (ii) for the word "double" the words "five times", shall be substituted.
- 9. Amendment of section 56.— In section 56 of the principal Act, for the expression "the controller,", the expression "the controller, or the "Deputy Collector," shall be inserted.

### Statement of Objects and Reasons

The Bill seeks to substitute section 23 of the Goa Building (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control Act, 1968 (Act No. 2 of 1969) hereinafter referred as the "said Act"), existing so as to bring it in line with the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 05-12-1995 in the matter of Harbilas Rai Bansal V/s State of Punjab & Anr in (1996 AIR 857, 1996 SCC(1) 1). The Bill seeks to insert new sections 40A and 53A so as to provide for grant

of premises on agreement of leave and licence, it also seeks to carry out consequential amendments to section 2 so as to facilitate and encourage landlords to give the buildings on leave and licence basis.

The Bill seeks to amend section 54 of the said Act so as to decriminalize provisions of imprisonment in said section.

The Bill seeks to achieve the above objects.

#### Financial Memorandum

No financial implications involved in this  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Bill}}.$ 

# Memorandum Regarding Delegated Legislation

Clause 1(2) of the Bill empowers the Government to issue notification for appointing a date for bring the Act into force.

Assembly Hall, Porvorim-Goa, 21st July, 2022. Shri. ATANASIO MONSERRATE Minister for Revenue.

Assembly Hall, Porvorim-Goa, 21st July, 2022. NAMRATA ULMAN
Secretary to the Legislative
Assembly of Goa.

### Extract of the Section 2, 23, 46 (1) 47, 54, 56 of the Goa, Buildings (Lease, Rent and Eviction) Control (Amendment) Act, 2013

- 2. Definitions.— In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
  - (a) "Appellate Board" means the Appellate Board constituted under sub-section (1) of section 41:
  - (b) "Authorised Officer" means an officer appointed as such under sub-section (2) of section 41:
  - (c) "Building" means any building, or part of a building, which is, or is intended to be, let separately for use as a residence or for commercial use or for any other purpose, and includes—
    - (i) the garden, ground and out-houses, if any, appertaining to such building or part of the building;
    - (ii) any furniture supplied by the landlord for use in such building or part of the building;

but does not include a room in a hotel or lodging house;

- (d) "Controller" means a person appointed as a controller under sub-section (2) of section 41 and, except in section 42, includes an Additional Controller;
- (e) "fair rate" means the fair rate fixed under section 37 and includes the rate as revised under section 38:
- (f) "fair rent" means the fair rent fixed under Chapter III;
- (g) "Government" means the Government of Goa;
- (h) "hotel or lodging house" means a building, or part of a building, where lodging with or without board or other services is provided for monetary consideration;
- (i) "landlord" means a person who, for the time being, is receiving, or is entitled to receive, the rent of any building, whether on his own account or on account of, or on behalf of, or for the benefit of, any other person or as a trustee, guardian or receiver for any other person or who would so receive the rent or be entitled to receive the rent, if the premises were let to a tenant;
- (j) "manager of a hotel" includes any person in charge of the management of the hotel;
  - (k) "member of the family" means-
  - "[(i)] in relation to a landlord who is an individual, his spouse, son, daughter and includes father, mother, grandson solely dependent on the landlord for maintenance:

Provided that in the case of married daughter, her husband shall not be entitled to claim any benefit under section 5, if his wife has already got the said benefit thereunder and in case her husband has already got the said benefit, the married daughter shall not be entitled to claim the same".]

- (ii) in relation to a landlord who is a joint Hindu family, the members of such a family;
- (iii) in relation to joint owners other than a Joint Hindu family, the members of the family as indicated in sub-clause (i) in relation to each of such joint owners;
- (1) "owner of a lodging House" means a person who for the time being is receiving, or is entitled to receive, whether on his own account, or on account of, or on behalf of, or for the benefit of, himself or any other person or as an agent or